

Fall 2003  
MW 11:00-12:15  
Catherine Hafer

## Mathematics for Political Scientists

This course will provide students with a rigorous, if partial, introduction to a variety of mathematical concepts that have been selected for inclusion because of their relevance to advanced topics in methodology and formal theory. It is intended primarily for students who will be pursuing advanced technical training in preparation for an academic research career. Familiarity with this material will also allow students to better understand the application of mathematical tools to problems in political science and to concentrate on the substantive, rather than technical, aspects of such work as it arises in later coursework.

### **Course Requirements:**

Course grades will be determined by graded exercises (50%), class participation (10%), and the final exam (40%).

Exercises will be assigned at the end of each lecture, to be completed and submitted by the beginning of the next lecture. Because the material is cumulative, i.e. each topic depends upon a thorough understanding of previous topics, it is imperative that exercises be done in a timely fashion. Accordingly, late submissions will not receive credit (barring exceptional circumstances). Because attempting problems oneself is a critical condition for learning mathematics, it is best to work on the exercises alone before discussing them with others.

Students are urged to ask questions, answer questions, and tackle problems in the classroom. Active and constructive behavior in the classroom enhances everyone's learning experience and develops skills that are requisite in a scholarly community.

An in-class final exam will be administered Monday, December 12, 10:00-11:50 am.

### **Required Texts:**

Sheldon M. Ross, *Introduction to Probability Models*, 6th-8<sup>th</sup> editions. San Diego: Academic Press, 1997-2003.

Carl P. Simon and Lawrence Blume, *Mathematics for Economists*. New York: W.W. Norton and Company, 1994.

Daniel J. Velleman, *How To Prove It: A Structured Approach*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994.

### **Additional texts:**

K. G. Binmore, *Mathematical Analysis: A Straightforward Approach*, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1982.

Samuel Goldberg. *Probability: An Introduction*. New York: Dover, 1960.

Daniel Kleppner and Norman Ramsey, *Quick Calculus: A Self-Teaching Guide*, 2nd ed. New York: John Wiley and Sons, 1985.

Silvanus P. Thompson and Martin Gardner, *Calculus Made Easy*. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1998.

## **Course outline:**

### **Preliminaries:**

Scalars, Vectors, Matrices

Unknowns, Solving for Unknowns, Systems of Equations

Sets and Operations on Sets

Functions

*Readings:* Simon and Blume, pp. 10-21, 82-92, 122-28; Kleppner and Ramsey ch. 1;

Thompson and Gardner pp. 10-17; Goldberg, ch. 1

### **Logic and Preference**

Connectives and Quantifiers: Conditional and Biconditional Connectives,

Equivalence with Quantifiers

*Readings:* Velleman, Chs. 1 and 2

Hypotheses, Conclusions, Counterexamples, Rules of Inference

Proof Strategies: Direct Proof, Proof by Contradiction, Exhaustion, Induction

Proofs Using Negations, Conditionals, Quantifiers, Conjunctions and Biconditionals,

Disjunctions

*Readings:* Velleman, Ch. 3, pp. 245-251

Ordered Pairs, Cartesian Products, Binary Relations, Preference, Choice Functions, Maximal Sets, Rationalizable Choice

*Readings:* Velleman, Ch. 4; Austen-Smith and Banks, Ch. 1

Existence and Uniqueness Proofs, Preference Aggregation, Arrow's Theorem, Sen's Impossibility of a Paretian Liberal Theorem

*Readings:* Velleman, Ch. 3.6; Austen-Smith and Banks, pp. 25-39; Sen, JPE 1970

### **Calculus**

More on Functions: 1-to-1, Onto, Inverses, Functions between Euclidean Spaces

Sequences, Limits

Open, Closed, Bounded, Compact and Convex Sets

Supremum, Infimum, Maximum, Minimum

*Readings:* Velleman, Ch. 5; Simon and Blume, pp. 75-79, 253-86, 293-99; Thompson and Gardner, pp. 18-29; Kleppner and Ramsey, pp. 50-63

Differentiation, Partial Differentiation, Continuity, Interpreting Derivatives

Chain Rule, Derivatives of Special Functions

*Readings:* Simon and Blume, chs. 2.3-3.1, 4, 5.5; Thompson and Gardner, chs. I-X, XVI; Kleppner and Ramsey, pp. 64-125, 238-240

Integration, Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

*Readings:* Simon and Blume, Appendix A4; Thompson and Gardner, chs. XVII-XXIII; Kleppner and Ramsey, ch. 3

## **Probability**

Sample Spaces, Events, Probability,  
Conditional Probability, Independence, Bayes' Rule  
Discrete Random Variables: Expectation, Conditional Expectation  
*Readings:* Ross, Ch. 1, 2.1-2.2, 2.4.1; Goldberg, Ch. 2, 158-97

Continuous Random Variables, Expectation of a Function of a RV, Joint Distribution,  
Moment-Generating Functions  
Limit Theorems: Markov's Inequality, Chebyshev's Inequality, Strong Law of Large  
Numbers, Central Limit Theorem  
Computing Expectation and Probability by Conditioning  
Information Aggregation and the Condorcet Jury Theorem  
*Readings:* Ross, Ch. 2.3-3; Goldberg, pp.197-251; Austen-Smith and Banks, APSR  
1996

## **Vector and Matrix Algebra**

Euclidean Space  
Vectors: Addition, Subtraction, Scalar Multiplication, Inner Product, Norm, Metric  
Lines, Planes, and Hyperplanes  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, ch. 10

Matrix Algebra: Addition, Subtraction, Scalar Multiplication, Matrix Multiplication  
Cumulative, Associative, and Distributive Laws  
Transpose and Inverse, Identity and Null Matrices  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, pp. 153-173

Nonsingularity, Determinant, Inverse  
Cramer's Rule; Solving Systems of Linear Equations  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, pp. 122-146, Ch. 9

## **Optimization**

Quadratic Forms, Definite and Semidefinite Matrices  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, pp. 287-293, Ch. 16

Optimization in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , Optimization Problems in Parametric Form  
Weierstrass Theorem with Proof and Applications  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, Ch. 3

Unconstrained Optimization, Critical Points, First- and Second-Order Conditions  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, Ch. 17; Thompson and Gardner, chs. XI-XII; Kleppner  
and Ramsey, pp. 126-150

Constrained Optimization:

Equality Constraints, Theorem of Lagrange, Lagrangean Multipliers  
Inequality Constraints, Theorem of Kuhn and Tucker, Kuhn-Tucker Multipliers  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, Ch. 18

Sufficient Conditions to Guarantee Existence of Optima  
Relationship between Concave Functions and Convex Sets, Implications of  
Convexity in Optimization Problems  
Definition of Quasiconvexity, Implications of Quasiconvexity  
*Readings:* Simon and Blume, Ch. 21