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POSITIONS

Professor of Politics, New York University, 1993-present. Appointed Assistant Professor 1979, Associate Professor 1984. Teach public policy and American government, conduct research on welfare and antipoverty policy and the politics of these issues.

John L. Weinberg/Goldman Sachs & Company Visiting Professor, Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs, Princeton University, 1994-5.

Visiting Professor of Public Policy, Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, 1993-4.

Visiting Distinguished Professor, La Follette Institute of Public Affairs, University of Wisconsin--Madison, spring 1987.

Positions in Washington, DC, 1973-9:

Deputy Director of Research, Republican National Committee, 1978-9.

Research Associate, The Urban Institute, 1975-8.

Speechwriter to the Secretary of State (Henry A. Kissinger), U.S. Department of State, 1974-5.

Policy Analyst, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, 1973-5.

EDUCATION

Public Policy: Studies in econometrics, policy analysis, organization, and budgeting, George Washington University, 1973, 1975, 1979; University of Michigan (ICPSR program in quantitative methods), summer 1981; and NYU, advanced multivariate analysis, fall 1997.

Doctor of Philosophy in political science, Harvard University, 1973. Thesis: Bentham's theories of bureaucracy, democracy, and political modernization. Advisors: Samuel H. Beer, Samuel P. Huntington.

Master of Arts in political science, Harvard University, 1968. Fields: British politics, political development, modern political theory, and international politics.

Bachelor of Arts in political science, Amherst College, 1966, magna cum laude, Phi Beta Kappa. Honors thesis: The Rethinking of British Socialism.

Studies in British politics, history, and philosophy, Malvern College (British public school), 1961-2; Oxford University, summer 1967; and University College London (Fulbright), 1970-1.

HONORS

- Co-winner of the Louis Brownlow Book Award for *Government Matters*, National Academy of Public Administration, 2005.
- Member, editorial board, *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, July 25, 2005.
- Member, editorial board, *State and Local Government Review*, March 8, 2004
- Member, editorial board, *Policy Studies Journal*, July 23, 2003.
- Visiting Research Fellow, James Madison Program in American Ideals and Institutions, Department of Politics, Princeton University, 2001-2.
- Council, Public Policy Section, American Political Science Association, 2000-2003.
- Policy Council, Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management, 1999-2002.
- National Fellow, Multidisciplinary Program in Inequality and Social Policy, Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, 1998-present.
- Visiting Fellow, Department of Politics, Princeton University, 1995-6.
- Visiting Scholar, Hoover Institution, Stanford University, March 1988.
- Selection for the Foreign Service, Department of State, 1973.
- Fulbright Scholarship, United Kingdom, 1970-1.
- NSF Graduate Fellowships, 1966, 1969, 1970.
- Amherst Political Science Prize, 1966.

PUBLICATIONS

Monographs/Books

1. *The Employment Service: An Institutional Analysis*, R&D Monograph 51, Washington, DC: Department of Labor, 1977. (With Mark Lincoln Chadwin et al.) A study of the leading federal job placement program using field interviewing and statistical controls.
2. *Institutional Analysis: An Approach to Implementation Problems in Medicaid*, Washington, DC: The Urban Institute, 1977. Analysis of structural difficulties in a major federal health program using organization and political theory.
3. *Beyond Entitlement: The Social Obligations of Citizenship*, New York: Free Press, 1986. A study of the issue of work requirements in federal social programs and the politics surrounding them. Helped to frame the policy and political case for work-based welfare reform. Widely reviewed. Cited as a leading public policy book of the 1980s by the *Washington Post*, Dec. 31, 1989.
4. *The New Politics of Poverty: The Nonworking Poor in America*, New York: Basic Books, 1992. A study of how intractable poverty has changed American politics. Increasingly, domestic dispute is about order, personal conduct, and competence, rather than class, equality, and the scale of government. Widely reviewed.
5. *The New Paternalism: Supervisory Approaches to Poverty*, Washington, D.C.: Brookings, 1997 (Edited; ten other authors). The record and potential of supervisory methods in welfare, child support, homelessness, drug addiction, and education. Reviewed in *The Economist* and in Paul Starobin, "The Daddy State," cover story in *National Journal*, March 28, 1998.
6. *From Welfare to Work: Lessons from America*, London: Institute of Economic Affairs, 1997 (With Alan Deacon, editor, and commentators). Defense of mandatory work requirements, rebuttal by British experts.
7. *Lifting Up the Poor*, Washington, DC: Brookings, 2003 (with Mary Jo Bane). A dialogue on the question of

what society to do about poverty, in light of the biblical tradition, with reflections on current policy.

8. *Government Matters: Welfare Reform in Wisconsin*, Princeton University Press, 2004. In-depth study of the Wisconsin reform, with comparisons to other states. The key to success was good government.

Co-winner of the Louis Brownlow Book Award, National Academy of Public Administration, 2005.

9. *Welfare Reform and Political Theory*, New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 2005 (Co-edited with Chris Beem, seven other authors). Papers on the implications of welfare reform for politics. Argues for a closer engagement between political theory and policy analysis.

Academic articles

1. "Health Policy: The Need for Governance," *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, vol. 434 (Nov. 1977). Analysis of the health cost control problem using political and economic theory. Reprinted in Ellen F. Paul and Philip A. Russo, Jr., eds., *Public Policy: Issues, Analysis, and Ideology*, Chatham, NJ: Chatham House, 1981.

2. "Institutional Analysis for State and Local Government," *Public Administration Review*, vol. 39, no. 1 (Jan./Feb. 1979). Implementation research applied to the state and local level.

3. "Social Programs and Social Obligations," *The Public Interest*, no. 69 (Fall 1982). The problem of work obligation in social policy and its political origins and implications.

4. "Expectations and Welfare Work: WIN in New York City," *Policy Studies Review*, vol. 2, no. 4 (May 1983). Study of welfare employment programs in the city using field interviewing and statistical analysis. Whether welfare recipients work depends mainly on whether they are expected to, not on the environment.

5. "The Interaction Problem in Policy Analysis," *Policy Sciences*, vol. 16, no. 1 (Sept. 1983). Economic policy analysis alters problems in ways that make them harder to solve.

6. "A Meaning for 'Public Policy'," *Policy Studies Journal*, vol. 12, no. 2 (Dec. 1983). Policy studies as a form of systems analysis combining political and economic reasoning.

7. "Science vs. Analysis: A False Dichotomy," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, vol. 4, no. 3 (Spring 1985). Policy studies as a synthesis of policy analysis and social science.

8. "Policy Studies and Political Science," *Policy Studies Review*, vol. 5, no. 2 (Nov. 1985). The place of public policy within political science. Extends article 6.

9. "Expectations and Welfare Work: WIN in New York State," *Polity*, vol. 18, no. 2 (winter 1985). Extends article 4 to New York State. Requiring recipients to work is the key to welfare employment.

10. "The Reform of Federal-State Development Programs," *New York Affairs*, vol. 9, no. 3 (1986). The evolution of federal economic subsidy programs before and after the Reagan cuts.

11. "The Potential for Work Enforcement: A Study of WIN," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, vol. 7, no. 2 (Winter 1988). Extends articles 4 and 9 to the nation. Successful workfare requires high participation.

12. "The Hidden Jobs Debate," *The Public Interest*, no. 91 (Spring 1988). Political issues underlying the debate over whether jobs exist for the poor.

13. "The Logic of Workfare: The Underclass and Work Policy," *Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, vol. 501 (Jan. 1989). The rationale for work enforcement as part of welfare reform.

14. "Should Workfare Be Mandatory? What Research Says," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, vol. 9, no. 3 (Summer 1990). Welfare employment programs must be mandatory, not voluntary, to succeed.

15. "The New Politics of the New Poverty," *The Public Interest*, no. 103 (Spring 1991). How entrenched poverty has shifted the focus of social politics from equality to functioning. The main theme of monograph 4.
16. "Poverty: How Little We Know," *Social Service Review*, vol. 68, no. 3 (September 1994). Research on poverty has revealed little about its causes. Inquiry into the roles of public authority and culture would help.
17. "Public Policy: Vision, Potential, Limits," *Policy Currents* (newsletter of the Public Policy Section, APSA), February 1995. Why public policy is a potent but small field in political science. Extends articles 6 and 8.
18. "Welfare Policy: The Administrative Frontier," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, vol. 15, no. 4 (Fall 1996). Administrative and research challenges implied by supervisory welfare reform programs.
19. "Optimizing JOBS: Evaluation Versus Administration," *Public Administrative Review*, vol. 57, no. 2 (March/April 1997). Statistical/field interviewing analysis of JOBS performance in Wisconsin.
20. "Citizenship and Social Policy: T.H. Marshall and Poverty," *Social Philosophy and Policy*, vol. 14, no. 2 (Summer 1997). The problem posed for citizenship by nonworking poverty.
21. "Telling the Poor What to Do," *The Public Interest*, no. 132 (Summer 1998). Why supervision of the dependent has become a trend in several areas of antipoverty policy.
22. "The Decline of Welfare in Wisconsin," *Journal of Public Administration Research and Theory*, vol. 9, no. 4 (October 1999). Time series and cross-sectional analyses of Wisconsin's dramatic caseload fall.
23. "The Twilight of Liberal Welfare Reform," *The Public Interest*, no. 139 (Spring 2000). This liberal antipoverty experiment achieved slight impacts but foreshadows the paternalistic welfare of the future.
24. "Caseload Change: An Exploratory Study," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management*, vol. 19, no. 3 (Summer 2000). A model that suggests multiple policy causes for the AFDC caseload increase, 1989-94.
25. "The Politics of Welfare Reform in Wisconsin," *Polity*, vol. 32, no. 4 (Summer 2000). The unusual bipartisan agreement on a work-based reform that transformed welfare in Wisconsin.
26. "Response to the Strategic Planning Report," *Policy Currents* 10, no.4 (March 2001). Criticism of scholastic and populist trends in political science.
27. "Welfare Reform: Meaning and Effects," *Policy Currents* 11, no. 2 (Summer 2001). Summary of welfare reform issues and the effects of the recent reform.
28. "Implementing Work Requirements in Wisconsin," *Journal of Public Policy*, vol. 21, no. 3 (2002). How Wisconsin strengthened its welfare employment programs so that they could enforce work.
29. "Welfare Reform in Wisconsin: The Local Role," *Administration and Society*, vol. 33, no. 5 (November 2001). The key role of county initiatives in generating the influential Wisconsin welfare reform.
30. "Welfare Reform: Recent Policy and Politics," *Review of Policy Research*, vol. 19, no. 1 (Spring 2002). Applies the approach of articles 6, 8, and 17 to welfare reform policy and politics since the mid 1980s.
31. "Welfare Caseload Change: An Alternative Approach," *Policy Studies Journal* 31, no. 2 (May 2003). A cross-sectional approach to explaining caseload fall can measure the policy factors better than pooled models.
32. "The Culture of Welfare Reform," *The Public Interest*, no. 154 (Winter 2004). Summary of monograph 8. Good government was the key to successful welfare reform in Wisconsin.
33. "State Political Culture and Welfare Reform," *Policy Studies Journal* 32, no. 2 (May 2004). Uses state case studies to show a link between good government and successful welfare reform nationwide.
34. "Research and Welfare Reform," *Review of Policy Research* 22, no. 3 (May 2005). Research made only a

limited contribution to welfare reform because of adverse developments in the social sciences.

35. "Policy Research: The Field Dimension," *Policy Studies Journal* 33, no. 4 (November 2005). Lack of direct contact with government has caused policy research to err on several issues surrounding welfare reform.

36. "Why Anglos Lead," *The National Interest* (Winter 2005/06). English-speaking countries lead the world mainly because they are well-governed at home.

Chapters

19 chapters in books edited by myself or others, including:

"Social Responsibility and Minority Poverty: A Response to William Julius Wilson," *Divided Opportunities: Minorities, Poverty, and Social Policy*, ed. Gary D. Sandefur and Marta Tienda, New York: Plenum, 1988; ch. 10.

"The Rise of Paternalism," in *The New Paternalism: Supervisory Approaches to Poverty*, ed. Lawrence M. Mead, Washington, DC: Brookings, 1997, ch. 1.

"Welfare Employment," in *The New Paternalism: Supervisory Approaches to Poverty*, ed. Lawrence M. Mead, Washington, DC: Brookings, 1997, ch. 2.

"Are Welfare Employment Programs Effective?" *Social Programs That Work*, ed. Jonathan Crane, New York: Russell Sage, 1998, ch. 11.

"The Politics of Conservative Welfare Reform," in *The New World of Welfare: An Agenda for Reauthorization and Beyond*, ed. Rebecca M. Blank and Ron Haskins, Washington, DC: Brookings Institution, 2001, ch. 7.

"Performance Analysis," in *Policy into Action: Implementation Research and Welfare Reform*, ed. Mary Clare Lennon and Thomas Corbett (Washington, DC: Urban Institute Press, 2003), chap. 6.

"Welfare Reform and Citizenship," in *Welfare Reform and Political Theory*, ed. Lawrence M. Mead and Christopher Beem, New York: Russell Sage Foundation, 2005, ch. 8.

Other publications

25 other articles, mainly on poverty, welfare, welfare reform, and related political issues, including:

"The Politics of Disadvantage," *Society*, vol. 35, no. 5 (July/August 1998).

"Welfare Reform: The Institutional Dimension," *Focus*, vol. 22, no. 1 (Special Issue 2002).

12 comments on the papers or arguments of others, including:

"The Primacy of Institutions," *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management* 22, no. 4 (Fall 2003).

"The Great Passivity," *Perspectives on Politics* 2, no. 4 (December 2004).

33 book reviews and review articles in journals and national newspapers, including:

Review of Judith Russell, *Economics, Bureaucracy, and Race: How Keynesians Misguided the War on Poverty*, in *Perspectives on Politics* 2, no. 4 (December 2004).

Review of David Stoesz, *Quixote's Ghost: The Right, the Liberati, and the Future of Social Policy*, in *Journal of Politics* 69, no. 1 (February 2007): 274-5.

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18 op-ed articles on welfare, welfare reform, and related issues in the *New York Times*, the *Washington Post*, and other publications.

“And Now, ‘Welfare Reform’ for Men,” *Washington Post*, March 20, 2007.

RESEARCH IN PROGRESS

(listed in order of proximity to publication)

Welfare Politics in Congress: Quantified analysis of Congressional hearings and debates on welfare reform from 1962 through 1996. Hypothesis: The focus changes from partisan disputes over the role of government to paternalist attempts to manage the lives of the poor. Complete results for the hearings confirm this.

Toward a Mandatory Work Policy for Men: How to promote work among disadvantaged men, as we did with welfare mothers, through a combination of new benefits and work requirements. Makes use of the child support and criminal justice systems.

American Primacy: Argues that, at the end of history, the sources of American and Western primacy in the world appear too deeply rooted for most of the non-West to emulate. Globalization is unlikely to change this. Thus, an American empire in some form is inevitable.

Poverty and Political Theory. Traditional theory, including Rawls and his critics, is normative and structural, about how best to arrange the society. But the politics of poverty is mostly about moral responsibility and competence. To address it, a new political theory focused on personality rather than justice must be written.

TESTIMONY

19 appearances before Congressional committees, most recently:

“The Reauthorization of TANF: Work and Child Care Provisions,” hearing before the Committee on Education and the Workforce, Subcommittee on 21st Century Competitiveness, U.S. House of Representatives, March 15, 2005

14 appearances before national commissions and other public or quasi-public bodies.

“Welfare Reform in New York,” hearing on “The Effect of Welfare Reform Policy in New York State,” Assembly Standing Committee on Social Services, New York, NY, July 7, 2005.

CONFERENCES/PRESENTATIONS

Academic and policy

47 papers, mostly at conferences of the American Political Science Association, the Midwest Political Science Association, and the Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management. Many papers were later published. Examples:

“Welfare Politics in Congress: Hearing,” conference of the American Political Science Association, Philadelphia, PA, Sept. 2, 2006.

“Toward a Mandatory Work Policy for Men,” conference of the Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management, Madison, WI, Nov. 4, 2006.

46 presentations not involving a paper, such as:

Speaker, panel on “Welfare Reform in America and Abroad,” conference on “Welfare Reform at 10: Marking the Milestone,” Heritage Foundation, Washington, DC, August 17, 2006.

“Fatherhood, Child Support, and Men’s Employment Intervention Research,” U.S. Administration for Children and Families, Washington, DC, Oct. 18, 2006.

31 panels that I proposed or chaired, mostly on poverty, welfare, or welfare reform. Such as:

“Did EITC Raise Work Levels? If so, How?” conference of the Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management, Madison, WI, Nov. 3, 2006.

44 panels where I was a panelist or discussant, including:

“What We Thought and What We’ve Learned,” conference on “TANF at Ten: A Retrospective on Welfare Reform,” Woodrow Wilson School, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, Oct. 6, 2006.

Other presentations

34 invited lectures, mostly at schools, colleges, and universities, including:

“Welfare Reform: Progress and Limits,” University of Notre Dame, South Bend, IN, March 30, 2006.

“The Poverty Issue at the End of History,” Bradley Lecture Series, American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC, Jan. 8, 2007.

32 paper presentations, including

“The Politics of Disadvantage,” paper and presentation, James Madison Program in American Ideals and Institutions, Department of Politics, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, October 8, 2001.

“Welfare Politics in Congress: Hearings,” Multidisciplinary Program in Inequality and Social Policy, Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, Dec. 5, 2005

50 debates or colloquia about poverty, welfare, and welfare reform, including:

Panel discussion of Robert Weisberg documentary, “Waging a Living,” Channel 13, New York, NY, August 22, 2006.

“Getting Dads to Pay AND Work: A New Fathers’ Agenda,” Researcher Meets Policymaker, Woodrow Wilson School, Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, Oct. 11, 2006.

150 seminars and talks to small groups at universities, think tanks, foundations, agencies, etc.:

“Understanding Poverty in America: Causes and Solutions,” Temple Sinai, Summit, NJ, January 20, 2006.

“Why Experts (Mostly) Got Welfare Reform Wrong,” Department of Economics and Policy Studies, University of Notre Dame, South Bend, IN, March 31, 2006.

MEDIA

Appeared on many local radio and television talk shows in New York, Washington, and other cities to discuss poverty, welfare, and welfare reform..

Appeared on “On Point,” WBUR, opposite W.J. Wilson and Thomas Shapiro, to discuss poverty in America, Sept. 30, 2005.

Interviewed on WNET, Channel 13, about the report of the New York City Commission for Economic Opportunity, Jan. 19, 2007.

26 appearances on national radio and television shows, including the "McNeil/Lehrer News Hour," May 9,

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1990; "All Things Considered," Jan. 4, 1995, Oct. 26, 1999, April 17, 2006; the "News Hour with Jim Lehrer," Aug. 13, 1997, August 2, 1999; CBS Evening News, June 9, 1998; NBC News, March 16, 2002.

International: Interviewed by the BBC about welfare reform in America, August 1, 1996; March 26, 1998. Multiple interviews and broadcasts while speaking on welfare reform in Australia, July 2000, and August 2004.

Regularly cited by journalists or columnists writing about poverty and welfare in national and international publications, including the *New York Times*, *Washington Post*, and *The Economist*.

ACTIVITIES

Policy and research

National Advisory Panel, Study of Poverty and Family Structure in the Inner City, University of Chicago (William J. Wilson), 1985-8.

Working Seminar on the Family and American Welfare Policy, a conservative/moderate study group on welfare reform, American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC, 1986-7.

Advisor to the Low Income Opportunity Working Group, Domestic Policy Council, the White House, on its report on welfare reform, Sept. 1986-Jan. 1987. Met with President Reagan, Dec. 18, 1986.

National advisory board of New Hope, an experimental job and wage guarantee program for the poor, Milwaukee, WI, 1991-9.

Advisor on welfare to Rudolph Giuliani during his winning campaign for mayor of New York City, 1993, and to Mayor Giuliani's aides, 1997.

Steering Committee of the Management and Evaluation Project (MEP), which oversees the assessment of Wisconsin welfare reform, Department of Workforce Development, State of Wisconsin, 1996-2002.

Advisory groups to the U.S. General Accounting Office, the Urban Institute, the Committee on Economic Development, and New York State on research on welfare reform, 1996-present.

Management Advisory Committee, Human Resources Administration, New York, NY, July, 1999-2001.

Advisory committee on welfare policy, Presidential campaign of Gov. George W. Bush, April 1999-Nov. 2000.

National Advisory Panel of the Urban Seminar Series on Children's Health and Safety, Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University, 2000-2.

Technical Advisory Group (TAG) for a RAND synthesis of the research on the effects of welfare reform, funded by the U.S. Administration for Children and Families, March 7, 2001.

Attended lunch with Assistant Secretary Wade Horn, Doug Besharov, and senior Congressional aides to discuss the implementation of TANF reauthorization, American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC, Jan. 9, 2007.

I often meet with officials from foreign countries to discuss poverty and welfare reform: Meetings with the British Secretary of State for Social Security in New York, NY, Oct. 8, 1999, April 28, 2003, and Feb. 10, 2005.

Consulting

Consultations with senior government officials about welfare reform during conferences in Britain, March 1987, June 1997, December 2002; New Zealand, March 1997; Australia, July 2000.

Consultations with officials in New Jersey and South Carolina about welfare reform and applications for federal research funds, June 1997.

Consultant to the Human Resources Administration, New York, NY, January 1998-May 1999.

Meeting on welfare reform and other social problems in Indiana, at the American Enterprise Institute, Washington, DC, Feb. 21, 2006.

Presentation to Israeli officials on welfare reform, New York University, New York, NY, Feb. 2, 2007.

Professional

American Political Science Association

Member, Committee on the Merriam Award (given to a political scientist who has influenced policy through research and public service), 1987.

APSA Policy Section, 2001.

Member, Committee on the Leonard D. White Award (best dissertation in public administration), 2003.

APSA Public Policy Section:

Council, 2000-3.

Chair, Committee on the Wildavsky Award, to honor a key book in policy studies, 2001.

Member, committee to recruit a new editor for *Policy Studies Journal*, 2003.

Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management.

Program Committee for the annual conference, 1987, 1996, 1998, 2006-7.

Policy Council, 1999-2002.

Chair, Nominating Committee, 2002.

Chair, committee on the Vernon Prize, 2005, given for the best article in the *Journal of Policy Analysis and Management* in the past year.

Member, Diversity Committee, 2006-7.

American Society for Political and Legal Philosophy, member since 1999.

Manuscript reviewer for publishers and many refereed journals in public policy and political science.

One of five reviewers of university proposals for federal funding for a national poverty research center, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC, in 1995-6, and again in 2002.

GRANTS

38 grants totaling \$937,766 from Achelis and Bodman Foundations, Lynde and Harry Bradley Foundation, Annie E. Casey Foundation, Earhart Foundation, Institute for Educational Affairs, JM Foundation, John M. Olin Foundation, Randolph Foundation, Russell Sage Foundation, Sarah Scaife Foundation, Smith Richardson Foundation, and the Wisconsin Policy Research Institute. .

Bradley Fellowship Program, Lynde and Harry Bradley Foundation, Milwaukee, WI: \$35,000 annually for academic 1992-7 to use for stipends for graduate students. Grant renewed at \$30,000 a year for 1997-2004, then at \$25,000 for 2004-6.

H.B. Earhart Fellowship Program, Earhart Foundation, Ann Arbor, MI: Stipend and tuition funding for up to three graduate students a year. First awarded 2005.

TEACHING

American Government: survey of the main political processes and institutions from a policymaking viewpoint (undergraduate) and with attention to research and academic issues (graduate).

Public Policy: the federal policymaking process, policy analysis, bureaucracy, implementation, and selected policy areas (undergraduate); public policy as an approach to research (graduate).

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The Politics of Poverty and Welfare: the nature and causes of poverty and dependency and the programs and controversies that have developed around these issues (undergraduate).

Field Seminar: Welfare Politics: upper-level course on the politics of poverty and welfare (undergraduate).

The Federal Budget: The problem of the budget deficit, its origins in the procedures and politics of budgeting, the evolution of budget reform, and further proposals such as the balanced budget amendment (graduate).

American primacy: Approaches from the social sciences to explaining how the United States become the world's dominant power (undergraduate).

Date: 27 March 2007